## **K-BUS**<sup>®</sup> Heating Actuator with Triac, 6-Fold\_V1.3



## AFHT-06/05.1

## **KNX/EIB Home and Building Control System**

## Attentions

1. Please keep devices away from strong magnetic field, high temperature, wet environment;



2. Do not fall the device to the ground or make them get hard impact;



3. Do not use wet cloth or volatile reagent to wipe the device;



4. Do not disassemble the devices.

## Contents

### **Chapter 1 Summary**

Heating Actuator with Triac is mainly used for the room temperature controller and valve control, can be installed in central Heating/cooling control system.

The valve driving supports 230V AC drive and 24V AC, with LED indication for valve status. Moreover, it supports manual operation which is on the front of the device to facilitate engineering commission.

Heating Actuator with Triac is a modular installation device for fast installation in the distribution board on 35 mm mounting rails to DIN EN 60 715. The electrical connection is implemented by using screw terminals. The connection to the KNX bus is implemented using the supplied bus connection terminal, and no need an extra voltage supply. The physical address assignment and parameter settings can be used with the engineering tool software ETS (version ETS5.7 or above) with the .knxprod file.

The manual provides detailed technical information about the Heating Actuator with Triac, including installation and programming details, and explains how to use the panel in conjunction with examples in actual use.

The functions are summarized as followed:

- Thermal driving can support to 24V AC or 230V AC
- Valve output function, with local or external controller, up to 6 channels
- Room temperature controller, support to heating/cooling mode, integrating 2-point and PI control algorithm, with 5 scenes functions, up to 6 channels
- Manual operation
- Summer / Winter mode
- Valve purge function
- Valve disable function
- Forced operation function
- Operating voltage failure report
- Short-circuit / overload report
- Support KNX secure

## Chapter 2 Technical Data

Power supply	Bus voltage	21-30V DC, via the KNX bus
	Bus current	<13.5mA/24V, <11.5mA/30V
	Bus consumption	<345mW
Input	Voltage	24V / 230V AC
Output	Valve channel	6 channels
	Switching current	≤300mA, per channel (Ambient temperature 35℃)
	Voltage	24V / 230V AC
	Protection	Short-circuit / overload protection
Connection	KNX	Bus connection terminals (Red/Black)
	Inputs / Outputs	Screw terminals,
		Wire Range 0.2-2.5mm <sup>2</sup> , Torque 0.4N-m
Operation and display	Programming button and Red LED	Assign the physical address
	Green LED flashing	Application layer running normally
	Manual button	Switch output
	Output LED	Indicate the valve status
	Man./Auto. button	Switch the Man. and Auto. mode
	Man./Auto. LED	Indicate the Man./Auto. mode status
	Operation	– 5 °C + 45 °C
Temperature	Storage	−25 °C + 55 °C
	Transport	– 25 °C + 70 °C
	Humidity	<93%, except dewing
Environment	On 35mm mounting rail	
Dimension	72 x 90 x 64 mm	
Weight	0.3KG	

## Chapter 3 Dimension and Structural Diagram

#### 3.1.Dimension Diagram



#### 3.2. Structural Diagram



① 24V / 230V AC drive voltage input terminals, output terminals. The output terminals do not require connect to N additionally and the N are internally connected.

23Manual operation buttons and status indicating LED for outputs:

Button 1~6 for controlling the channel valves open/close individually; All-on: the all valves open, All-off: the all valves close; LED to indicate valve status: always on when valve open; always off when valve close.

For indicating circuit is abnormal (short circuit/overload/under voltage), LED flashing, 1 second on and 1 second off.

Short circuit/Overload execution concept: when a short circuit is detected firstly, the output will be off, then the output will be active again according to the current control value after delay for 1 minute. If it remains short circuit, then the output will be off permanently and cannot be used until the device is

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#### restarted.

(4) (5) Man./Auto. operation switch button and status indicating LED:

Long press 1 second the button to switch Man. and Auto. mode, LED on is Man. mode and off is Auto. mode.

⑥⑦Programming button and LED:

Red LED is for assigning the physical address, green flashing LED is for displaying application layer running normally.

Reset the device to the factory configuration: press the programming button and hold for 4 seconds then release, repeat the operation for 4 times, and the interval between each operation is less than 3 seconds

(8) KNX bus connection terminal

## Chapter 4 Project Design and Programming

	Maximum of	Maximum	Maximum	Secure
Application	communication	number of group	number of	group
	objects	addresses	associations	addresses
Heating Actuator with	0(7	500	500	220
Triac, 6-Fold/1.0	267	500	500	339

#### **General function**

General function includes device In operation setting, thermal driving and failure status report, as well as can enable manual operation and summer/winter mode.

#### **Output function**

Up to support to 6 independently configurable valves, each channel can be linked to a local controller or an external controller, configurable valve type, valve control mode, valve purge function, valve disable function, forced operation function and short-circuit/overload status report.

Valve control mode supports to 2-point and PI control.

#### **Controller function**

Up to support to 6 independently configurable controllers, used for linkage with Room temperature controller.

Controller is mainly used to control the room temperature, automatically and optimally control the heating and cooling according to the use of the room or the needs of the occupants.

Supports manually switching of heating/cooling control, support options for three-level fan speed and auto fan speed, four operation modes: comfort, standby, economy and protection mode.

The setting temperature supports absolute and relative settings, as well as adjustable temperature range settings. Support 2-point and PI control.

Each channel with 5 configurable scene function.

## Chapter 5 Parameter setting description in the ETS

#### 5.1.KNX Secure

Heating Actuator with Triac is a KNX device that complies with the KNX secure standard. That is,

you can run the device in safe way.

KNX Secure	KNX Data Secure
茸 General	KNX Data Secure is available in this device, it effectively protects user data against unauthorised access and manipulation by means of encryption and authentication for the installation.
🔟 Output 1	ETS can active or deactive security function.Detailed specialist knowledge is required.
🔟 Output 2	Device certificate
🔟 Output 3	The device certificate label stick called EDSK is attached beside the device and must use for
Output 4-	security function, make sure keep securely.

Fig.5.1 (1) "KNX Secure" parameter window

The device with KNX secure will be displayed notes on ETS, as shown as Fig.5.1(1).

If secure commissioning is actived in ETS project, the following information must be considered during device debugging:

ecure Commissioning	
I Activated	*

 It is essential to assign a project password as soon as a KNX Secure device is imported into a project. This will protect the project against unauthorized access.

The password must be kept in a safe place – access to the project is not possible without it (not even the KNX Association or device manufacturer will be able to access it)!

Without the project password, the commissioning key will not be able to be imported.

A commissioning key is required when commissioning a KNX Secure device (first download). This key (FDSK = Factory Default Setup Key) is included on a sticker on the side of the device, and it must be imported into the ETS prior to the first download:

 ♦ On the first download of the device, a window pops up in the ETS to prompt the user to enter the key, as shown in Fig.5.1 (2) below.

The certificate can also be read from the device using a QR scanner (recommended).

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Add Device Ce 1.1.7 Push button ser Serial Number 00852 This device is configu If you do not have ac deactivate secure cor	rtificate Isor Plus with Se 15090002 red for secure of cess to this info nmissioning by	cure, 1/2/3/4g ommissioning i rmation now, y selecting "Plain No camera	ang but its device c ou can either s ". found!	ertificate is kip the dov	o × missing. vnload or
				Plain	Skip download

Fig.5.1(2) Add Device Certificate window

 $\diamond$  \_ Alternatively, the certificates of all Secure devices can be entered in the ETS beforehand.

This is done on the "Security" tab on the project overview page, as shown in Fig.5.1(3) below.

The certificates can be also added to the selected device in the project, as shown in Fig.5.1(4).

Overview Bus Catalogs	Settings											
Projects Archive ETS Inside		Test Secure demo	Import Date: 2022/4/27 16:49 Last Modified: 2022/5/26 13:53									
+ 🗡 🛓 土	Search	Details Security	Project Log Project Files									
Name	Last N		2									
Test Secure demo	202.	Export										
Test Project Push button sensor Plus with Secure	2022/	Export Keyring										
PROPERTY AND INCOME.	2022/	Device Certificates										
a service of the second second	2022/	+ Add × Delete										
STATISTICS. CONTRACTOR STATISTICS.	2022/	Serial Number + Factory Key (FE	DSK) Device									
KNX Smart Touch with push button, 3-gang_V1.1	2022/	0085:25110029 1B188D0478CC	407E1C768F5AB88694BB 1.1.1 IP Interface with Secure									
	Fig 5 1(3)	Add Device Certifica	ate									
Devices ▼ + Add Devices   ▼ X Delete ★ [ Devices ▼	Download • 🕜 Help 👌	Highlight Changes	Settings Comments Information									
🖻 🛅 Dynamic Folders	1/2/3/4gang > KNX	Secure	Push button sensor Plus with Secure, 1/2/3/4gang									
1.1.1 IP Interface with Secure	KNY Sasura		Individual Address									
1.1.8 Push button sensor Plus	KINA Secure	KNX Data Secure	1.1 . 8 . Park									
	General setting	KNX Data Sec unauthorised	Description									
	Temperature measu	installation.										
	Rocker 1	ETS can active	Last Modified 2022/5/26 13:52									
	Rocker 2	Device certificate	Last Downloaded - Serial Number 0085:25090002									
	Rocker 3	The device ce ecurity function	Secure Commissioning									
	Group Objects Ch	nannels Parameters	V Activated									
Diagnostics 🔻		▲ □ ×	Add Device Certificate									
- Monitor	► Start •	Search D	Status									
	Fig 5 1(4)	Add Device Certifics										

♦ There is a FDSK sticker on the device, which is used for viewing FDSK number.

Without the FDSK, it will no longer be possible to operate the device in KNX Secure mode after a reset.

The FDSK is required only for initial commissioning. After entering the initial FDSK, the ETS will assign a new key, as shown in Fig.5.1(5) below.

The FDSK will be required again only if the device was reset to its factory settings (e.g. If the device is to be used in a different ETS project).

	Adding Device Certificate	
	This device supports secure commissioning. If you have the certificate of the device available, you can scan the QR code or enter it now.	
Initial FDSK	ACCSUE VA4P5P - KJAV5P - TNYIBQ - JQ2RF7 - 3XCNDU - String - Strin	FDSK:0085:2A1300E3
ETS assigned	OK Cancel	KJAV5P-TNYIBQ- JQ2RF7-3XCNDL
	Fig.5.1(5)	

Example:

If this application in the project needs to be tried with another device, it is no longer the original device. When the application is downloaded to a new device, the following prompt will appear on the left of Fig.5.1(6), click yes, the Add Device Certificate window will appear, then enter the initial FDSK of the new device, and you need to reset the device to the factory settings (it is not required if the device is still factory default; If it has been used, it will be required to reset, otherwise the following error message will appear on the right of Fig.5.1(6)), and then the device can be successfully downloaded again.

• X	1.1.8 Push button sensor Plus with Sec Device is secured with a key not known
Download 1.1.8 Push button sensor Plus with Secure, 1/2/3/4gang The device in the programming mode is not the same as the device previously programmed with address 1.1.8. If the device	If you are sure you opened the correct you can get access again by performin Download(All): Failed Device is secured with a key not known within this project. If you are sure you opened the correct project and have the device certificate available, you can get access again by performing a factory reset on the device according to the
<u>Y</u> es <u>N</u> o	product documentation.

Fig.5.1(6) Example

Whether the device is replaced in the same project, or the device is replaced in a different project, the processing is similar: **Reset the device to the factory settings, then reassign the FDSK**.

After the device is downloaded successfully, the label Add Device Certificate turns gray, indicating that the key for this device has been assigned successfully, as shown in Fig.5.1(7) below.

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>	Activated	•
×	Add Device Certificate	
p	© Deactivated	•
	Status	

Fig.5.1(7)

ETS generates and manages keys:

Keys and passwords can be exported as needed to the use of security keys outside of the associated ETS projects. As shown in Fig.5.1(8) below, the file extension is .knxkeys.

ecurity	Project Log	Project Files
Key (FDSK)		Device
341BEC1AAFF	0737BDE0F982C68	
D7A86206A3	68A8E2A64B935DC	1.1.8 Push button sensor Plus with Secure, 1/2/3/4gan
0478CC407E1	C768F5AB88694BB	1.1.1 IP Interface with Secure
:07 047	A86206A3 /8CC407E1	A86206A368A8E2A64E935UC 8CC407E1C768F5AB88694BB

Note: Any USB interface used for programming a KNX Secure device must support "long frames". Otherwise ETS will report a download failure information, as shown below.

#### 5.2. Parameter window "General"

-.-.- Heating Actuator with Triac, 6-Fold > General KNX Secure ÷ 5 Send delay after voltage recovery [0..15] 5 Send cycle of "In operation" telegram ÷ s 0 🕂 General [1..240,0=inactive] 24V AC 0 230V AC Thermal driving ° Output 1-... Report operating voltage failure status 1 ° Output 2-... Number of valve outputs 6 Output 3-... Number of room temperature controllers 6 Cutput 4-... Manual operation 1 Only long press Output 5-... Manual to automatic by Both long press and automatic delay time ° Output 6-... 10 ÷ s Delay time [10..6000] -8\* Controller 1-... Summer=1/Winter=0 Summer/Winter mode -A\* Controller 2-... Summer/Winter mode after download Unchange Fig.5.2 "General" parameter window arameter "Send delay after voltage recovery

#### **I**0...

This parameter is for setting the delay time to send to bus after the device voltage recovery. Options: 0..15

The setting dose not contain the device initialization time, and bus telegrams received during delay time will be recorded.

#### Parameter "Send cycle of "In operation"telegram [1...240, 0 = inactive]s"

This parameter is for setting the time interval when cyclically send telegrams through the bus to indicate this device in normal operation. When set to "0", the object "In operation" will not send a telegram. If the setting is not "0", the object "In operation" will send a telegram according to the setting period time with logic "1" to the bus. Options: 0...240s,0= inactive

As to reduce the bus load as much as possible, the maximum time interval should be selected according to actual application requirement.

Parameter "Thermal driving

This parameter is for setting the thermal driving. Options:

24V AC

230V AC

#### arameter. Report operating voltage failure status

This parameter is for setting whether to report operating voltage failure status.

When the parameter is enabled, if the driving can not arrive to 24V AC or 230V AC, report failure status via the object "Status of operating voltage failure".



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	- 21		 	 		÷.,				 				- 2		 ÷.	-	 				 					 	 	 	- 2		 		100	 	 	

This parameter is for setting the way for manual operation switch to automatic. Options:

#### **Only long press**

#### Both long press and automatic delay time

Only long press: the manual/automatic operation only can be switched via long press the Man. button.

Both long press and automatic delay time: the manual/automatic operation only can be switched via long press the Man. button, or the setting delay time for the manual to automatic has elapsed. When this option is selected, the next parameter is visible and set the delay time.

#### –—Parameter "Delay time [10...6000]s"

This parameter is for setting the delay time for an automatic reset from the "manual operation" to "automatic operation" status after the last push button operation. Options: **10..6000** 

Parameter "Summer/Winter mode"

This parameter is for setting whether to enable Summer/Winter mode, when enabled, you can set the polarity of the object "Summer/Winter mode". Options:

> Disable Summer=1/Winter=0 Summer=0/Winter=1

ter "Summer/Winter mode after download"

This parameter is visible when previous parameter is enabled. For setting the initial mode after



download. Options:

Unchange

Summer

Winter

When "Unchange" is selected, the first download is based on the mode with the object value of 0.

## 5.3. Parameter window "Output x"

🔍 KNX Secure	Description (max 30char.)		
茸 General	Controller from	Local controller 1	•
°III Output 1	The output evaluates the control value	e from the local controller 1.	
°IIII Output 2	Control value for valve output (1byte)	Control value of heating	
	PWM cycle time [1255]	15	‡ mir
°🎹 Output 3	Evaluate valve open/close times for PW	M	
🔟 Output 4	Fully open time	120	\$
°🔟 Output 5	Fully close time	120	÷
M Output 6	Valve position after download	Close valve	
-	If bus recovery, valve position	O Unchange O Close valve	
-®⁺ Controller 1		Respond after read only	
-Ů* Controller 2	Reply mode for valve status	Respond after change	
-& Controller 3	Valve purge function	<b>v</b>	
-0	Duration of valve purge time [1255]	10	‡ mi
U. Controller 4	Automatic valve purge	>	
-🕑 Controller 5	Purge Cycle in weeks [112]	1	* *
-Ĵ⁺ Controller 6	Reply mode for valve purge status	<ul> <li>Respond after read only</li> <li>Respond after change</li> </ul>	
	Valve disable function	Disable	•
	Forced operation function	0=Disable/1=Enable	•
	Control value for forced operation [0100]	30	\$ 9
	If the setting value is lower than the r limitation value as reference	ninimum limitation, forced operation will take m	inimum
	If the setting value is greater than the limitation value as reference	maximum limitation, forced operation will take	maximum
	f If use 2-point control 0% means the	valve is off while others means the valve is on	

Output-Local controller

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## Heating Actuator with Triac, 6-Fold

Treating Actuator with				
🖤 KNX Secure	Description (max 30char.)			
🗮 General	Controller from	External controller		•
° Output 1	Monitoring control value			
°III Output 2	Valve control mode	Switching on/off(use 2-point control)		
°III Output 3		<ul> <li>Normal(de-energised closed)</li> </ul>		
°🔟 Output 4	Valve type	Inverted(de-energised open)		
and the second s	PWM cycle time [1255]	15	‡ n	nin
Uutput 5	Evaluate valve open/close times for PWN	V V		
°🎹 Output 6	Fully open time	120	+	s
-8* Controller 1	Fully close time	120	÷	s
-₿* Controller 2	Valve position after download	Close valve		
•	If bus recovery, valve position	O Unchange Close valve		
'U⁺ Controller 3	Raphy mode for value status	Respond after read only		
-🗗 Controller 4	Reply mode for valve status	Respond after change		
-Ot Controller C	Minimum limitation of control value	0	* *	%
O Controller 5	Maximum limitation of control value	100	* *	96
• <b>}</b> * Controller 6	Control value lower than the minimum limitation	0%=0%, otherwise=Minimum limitation value		•
	Valve purge function	~		
	Duration of valve purge time [1255]	10	‡ n	nin
	Automatic valve purge	~		
	Purge Cycle in weeks [112]	1		<b>^</b>
	Reply mode for valve purge status	<ul> <li>Respond after read only</li> <li>Respond after change</li> </ul>		
	Valve disable function	Disable	)	•
	Forced operation function	Disable		•
	Description of a strength (according of a strength			-

Output-External controller

Fig.5.3 "Output x" parameter window

#### Parameter "Description (max 30cha

This parameter is for setting the name description for valve, each channel has corresponding

name.

#### Parameter "Controller from"

This parameter is for setting the controller to link the valve, set the local or external controller. Options:

## Local controller 1 Local controller 2 ... Local controller 6

## External controller

The number of local controller is related to the parameter "Number of room temperature controllers".

When local controller is selected, it is important to consider whether the valve output and controller are matched. When matched, the following information is prompted:

0	The ou	utput ev	aluates tl	he contro	ol value f	rom the	local cont	roller 1.			
Paramete Paramete Paramete	er "Con er "Con er "Con	trol va trol va trol va	lue for lue for lue for	valve o valve o valve o	utput ( utput ( utput (	1bit)" 1byte) 1bit/1b	yte) ″				

This parameter is visible when the "Local controller x" is selected to link the valve. Set the control value for valve output. The options are displayed according to the control mode of local controller.

Parameter display is dependent on the control type of the selected local controller. When control mode is "Heating" or "Cooling", "Switching on/off(use 2-point control)" or "Switching PWM(use PI control)" is selected, display 1bit; "Continuous control(use PI control)" is selected, display 1bit; When control mode is "Heating/Cooling", display 1bit/1byte.

When "Heating", option is only Control value of heating

When "Cooling", option is only Control value of cooling

When "Heating/Cooling" and 2 pipe system, option is only Control value of heating/cooling

When "Heating/Cooling" and 4 pipe system, options:

#### **Control value of heating**

#### Control value of cooling

#### Parameter "Monitoring control value"

This parameter is visible when the "External controller" is selected to link the valve. Set whether to monitor control value.

When enabled, the following parameters are visible.

#### Parameter "Monitoring period of control value [10...65535]s"

This parameter is for setting the monitoring period of external control value, if it can not receive control value during the period, the device will consider the external controller error, it will output according the next parameter setting value. Options: **10...65535** 

Parameter "Control value after fault occurs [0...100]"

#### Parameter "Control value after fault occurs (at summer) [0...100]"

#### Parameter "Control value after fault occurs (at winter) [0...100]"

These parameters are for setting the control value when the external controller error, the value is only temporary. If summer/winter mode is enabled, the control values for summer/winter mode can be configured independently.

If value type is switch, the value opens when the control value of this parameter setting >0%; When the control value is set to 0%, the value closes.

Options: 0..100

#### Parameter "Reply mode of Obj. "Control value fault""

This parameter is for setting the reply mode of Obj. "Control value fault". Options:

### Respond after read only Respond after change

Respond after read only: respond after read only the device receiving the device from bus or other bus, object "Control value fault" respond the current status to the bus.

Respond after change: while error change or the device receiving the request of read status, object "Control value fault" will send telegram to respond the current status to bus.

#### Parameter "Valve control mode"

This parameter is visible when "External controller" is selected to link the valve. Set the valve control mode of external controller. Options:

### Switching on/off(use 2-point control) Continuous PWM(use PI control)

#### Parameter "Evaluate valve open/close times for PWM"

This parameter is visible, when local controller is selected "Continuous control(use PI control)", or external controller is selected "Continuous PWM(use PI control)". Used for setting whether consider valve open/close time when PWM control. If not considered, it can not open/close valve fully when quickly switching. When the parameter is enabled, following two parameters are visible:

#### ---Parameter "Fully open time"

This parameter is for setting the time of the valve open fully. Options: 0..600 s

#### ---Parameter "Fully close time"

This parameter is for setting the time of the valve close fully. Options: 0..600 s

#### Parameter "Valve type"

This parameter is visible when "External controller" is selected to link the valve. Set the type of valve switch of external controller. Options:

#### Normal(de-energised closed)

#### Inverted(de-energised open)

Normal (de-energised closed): indicates a normally closed valve;

Inverted (de-energised open): indicates a normally open valve.

#### Parameter "PWM cycle time [1...255]"

This parameter is visible when "External controller" is selected to link the valve and control mode is "Switching PWM(use PI control)". Set the time period for PWM control. Options: **1..255min** 

For example, the control value is 20%, PWM cycle is 15min, that is valve will open 3min and close 12min, while the control value is 60%, valve will open 9min and close 6min. The control values come from local or external controller are determined by the configuration.

Parameter "Valve position after download"

This parameter is for setting the valve position after download, option is only Close valve

Parameter "If bus recovery, valve position"

This parameter is for setting the valve position when bus recovery. Options:

Unchange

#### **Close valve**

#### Parameter "Reply mode for valve status"

This parameter is for setting the reply mode of valve position status. Options:

#### **Respond after read only**

#### **Respond after change**

Respond after read only: respond after read only the device receiving the device from bus or other bus, object "Status of valve position" respond the current status to the bus.

Respond after change: while error change or the device receiving the request of read status, object

"Status of valve position" will send telegram to respond the current status to bus.

Parameter "Minimum limitation of control value" Parameter "Maximum limitation of control value"

These two parameters are visible when "External controller" is selected to link the valve and control mode is "Switching PWM(use PI control)". Set the limitations of control value.

The minimum limitation: 0..50%

The maximum limitation: 51..100%

arameter "Control value lower than the minimum limitation"

This parameter is visible when "External controller" is selected to link the valve and control mode is "Switching PWM(use PI control)". Set the action when control value is lower than the minimum limitation. Options:

0%=0%, otherwise=Minimum limitation value

#### To be the minimum limitation value To be 0%

0%=0%, otherwise=Minimum limitation value: close when control value is 0%, and operate at the minimum limit when the other is below the minimum limitation.

To be the minimum limitation value: operate at the minimum limit when control value is below the minimum limitation, even if it is 0%.

To be 0%: close when control value is below the minimum limitation.

#### Parameter "Valve purge function":

This parameter is for setting whether to enable valve cleaning function.

Note: the priority of manual operation and forced operation are higher, and the valve purge is lower. Before the valve cleaning is completed, its process is interrupted manually or by force, this cleaning is finished, and manual or forced operation exit will not continue the last cleaning.

If valve purge function is enabled, the following four parameters are visible.

#### Parameter "Duration of valve purge time [1...255]"

This parameter is for setting the duration of valve purge time. During this time, the valve is fully open. When this time passes, the status before cleaning is re-established. Options: **1...255min** 

If the valve is prohibited during cleaning, the cleaning will continue. That is, the telegrams of disable and valve control will be recorded in the background when in cleaning, and follow the record to update the operation after the cleaning is completed.

#### Parameter "Automatic valve purge"

This parameter is for setting whether to enable function of automatic valve purge. When enabled, the next parameter is visible.

#### ---Parameter "Purge Cycle in weeks [1...12]"

This parameter is for setting the period of automatic valve cleaning, in weeks. Options: 1...12

The period time starts from the power-on of the device, and trigger the cleaning operation after timing is arrived. Once the cleaning is completed, the time will be reset, whether it is done by automatic cleaning or by object-triggered cleaning, this period will be reset.

#### Parameter "Reply mode for valve purge status"

This parameter is for setting the reply mode of valve purge status. Options:

#### Respond after read only

#### **Respond after change**

Respond after read only: respond after read only the device receiving the device from bus or other bus, object "Status of valve purge" respond the current status to the bus.

Respond after change: while error change or the device receiving the request of read status, object

"Status of valve purge" will send telegram to respond the current status to bus.

#### Parameter "Valve disable function"

This parameter is for setting whether to enable valve disable function. When enabled, you can set the polarity of the object "Disable". Options:

#### Disable

0=Disable/1=Enable

1=Disable/0=Enable

Note: when operation is disabled, valve position is return to close status, and it will update the valve status according to the current control value when enabled again. During disabled, the received control telegram will be recorded, and fault monitoring is also continue.

Parameter "Forced operation function".

This parameter is for setting whether to enable forced operation function. When enabled, you can set the polarity of the object "Forced operation". Options:

Disable

0=Disable/1=Enable

1=Disable/0=Enable

When forced operation function is enabled, the following parameters are visible:

Parameter "Control value for forced operation [0...100]"

#### Parameter "Control value for forced operation (at summer) [0...100]"

#### Parameter "Control value for forced operation (at winter) [0...100]"

These parameters are for setting the control value of forced operation. If summer/winter mode is enabled, the control values for summer/winter mode can be configured independently.

If valve type is 1bit, the valve opens when the control value of this parameter setting >0%; When the control value is set to 0%, the valve closes.

Options: 0..100%

If the setting value is lower than the minimum limitation, forced operation will take minimum limitation value as reference

If the setting value is greater than the maximum limitation, forced operation will take maximum limitation value as reference

If use 2-point control, 0% means the valve is off while others means the valve is on

#### Parameter "Report short-circuit/overload status":

This parameter is for setting whether to report short-circuit or overload status.

### 5.4. Parameter window "Controller x"

### 5.4.1. Parameter window "General setting"

KNX Secure	Description (max 30char.)		
🛱 General	Room temperature reference from	<ul> <li>External sensor 1</li> <li>External sensor 1+2 combination</li> </ul>	
Output 1	Combination ratio for external sensor 1 to sensor 2	50% to 50%	•
Output 2	Period for request external sensor [0255]	10	‡ min
Output 3	Send temperature when the result change by	1.0K	•
Output 4	Cyclically send temperature [0255]	0	‡ min
Output 5	Control value after temp. error (at summer) [0100] (if 2-point control, set	0	\$ %
Output 6	Control value after temp, error (at winter		
0° Controller 1	[0100] (if 2-point control, set value '0'=0, set value '>0'=1)	0	\$ %
General setting	Room temperature control mode	Heating and Cooling	•
Setpoint	Heating/Cooling switchover	O Via object O Automatic changeover	
Heating control	Heating/Cooling status after download	Heating      Cooling	
Cooling control	Heating/Cooling status after voltage recovery	As before voltage failure	•
Jene	Room temperature control system	🔵 2 pipes system 🔘 4 pipes system	
₿* Controller 2	Limit control mode switchover at summer		
₿* Controller 3	Limit control mode switchover		
🕑 Controller 4			
A* Controller 5	Operation mode	~	
•	Controller status after download	Comfort mode	•
U* Controller 6	Controller status after voltage recovery	As before voltage failure	•
	Extended comfort mode [0255,0=inactive]	0	‡ min
	1 bit object function for operation mode		
	Window contact input function		
	Bus presence detector function		
	Scene function	~	

This parameter is for setting the name description for controller, each channel has corresponding name.

#### Parameter "Room temperature reference from"

This parameter is for setting the resource of the controller temperature reference, up to set 2 external sensors. Options:

## External sensor 1

#### External sensor 1+2 combination

arameter."Combination ratio for external sensor 1 to sensor 2".

This parameter is visible when use combination sensors. Set this two external sensors to measure the specific gravity of the temperature. Options:

10% to 90% 20% to 80%

#### 90% to 10%

For example, if the option is "40% to 60% ", then the internal sensor accounts for 40%, the external sensor accounts for 60%, and the control temperature = (external sensor 1 temperature  $\times$  40%) + (external sensor 2  $\times$  60%), the controller of the device will control the temperature according to the calculated temperature.

When two sensors are combined for detection, when one sensor is in error, the temperature value detected by the other sensor is used.

Parameter "Period for request external sensor [0...255]min"

This parameter for setting the time period for read request external temperature sensor. Options: **0..255** 

Send the read request to external sensor after voltage recovery or download.

#### The following parameters are visible when "External sensor 1+2 combination" is selected:

#### ——Parameter "Send temperature when the result change by [0...10]"

This parameter is for setting when temperature turns to a certain value, whether to enable to send the current temperature value to the bus. Not send when disable. Options:

Disable 0.5K 1.0K ... 10K

#### ---Parameter "Cyclically send temperature [0...255,0=inactive]min"

Setting the time for cyclically sending the temperature detection value to the bus. Not send when value is 0.

Options: 0..255

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#### Note: cyclically sending and change sending are independent of each other.

Parameter "Control value after temp. error[0..100]% (if 2-point control, set value '0'=0, set value '>0'=1)" Parameter "Control value after temp. error (at summer)[0..100]% (if 2-point control, set value '0'=0, set value '>0'=1)" Parameter "Control value after temp. error (at winter)[0..100]% (if 2-point control, set value '0'=0, set value

#### '>0'=1)

These parameters are for setting the control value when temperature error occur. If summer/winter mode is enabled, the control values for summer/winter mode can be configured independently. Options: **0..100** 

If 2-Point control, then the parameter value is 0, as well as the control value; if the parameter value is more than 0, then the control value will be 1.

Parameter "Room temperature control mode"

This parameter is for setting room temperature control mode. Options:

- Heating
- Cooling

Heating and Cooling

#### Parameters as follow are visible when "Heating and Cooling" is selected

#### ---Parameter "Heating/Cooling switchover"

This parameter is for setting the switchover way of Heating/Cooling. Options:

#### Via object

#### Automatic changeover

#### ---Parameter "Heating/Cooling status after download"

This parameter is for setting the heating/cooling control mode of device when power on RTC after download. Options:

#### Heating

#### Cooling

#### ---Parameter "Heating/Cooling status after voltage recovery"

This parameter is for setting the heating/cooling control mode of device when power on RTC after voltage recovery. Options:

#### Heating

#### Cooling

#### As before voltage failure

As before voltage failure: when the device is reset after power on, the control mode will recover as before voltage failure. If it is the first time the device is used or a newly enabled function page, the control mode after the device is started is in an uncertain state, and it needs to be manually selected at this time.

#### ---Parameter "Room temperature control system"

This parameter is for setting the type of RTC control system, that is, pipe types of fan coil water inlet/outlet. Options:

#### 2 pipes system

#### 4 pipes system

2 pipes system: Shares an inlet and outlet pipe for heating and cooling, that is, both hot and cold water are controlled by one valve.

4 pipes system: Has its own inlet and outlet pipes for heating and cooling, and two valves are needed to control the entry and exit of hot water and cold water respectively.

#### ---Parameter "Limit control mode switchover at summer"

#### ---Parameter "Limit control mode switchover at winter"

These two parameters are visible when summer/winter mode is enabled. Set whether to limit control mode switchover at summer/winter independently, when limited, it is only when summer and only heating when winter.

#### Parameter "Room temperature operation mode".

This parameter is for setting whether to enable room temperature operation mode.

When enable, support 4 modes with comfort, standby, economy and frost/heat protection. Support datatype of 1bit and 1byte, and preset a operation mode when download and voltage recovery.

#### Parameters as follow are visible when operation mode enabled.

#### ---Parameter "Controller status after download"

This parameter is for setting the operation mode when power on controller after download. Options:

Comfort mode

#### Standby mode

#### Economy mode

#### ---Parameter "Controller status after voltage recovery"

This parameter is for setting the operation mode when power on controller after voltage recovery. Options:

> Comfort mode Standby mode Economy mode Frost/heat protection

#### As before voltage failure

#### ---Parameter "Extended comfort mode [0..255,0=inactive]min"

This parameter is for setting the extended time of comfort mode. When value >0, activate the extended, and 1 bit object "Extended comfort mode" is visible. Options: **0..255** 

When object receives telegram 1, comfort mode activation. If receive telegram 1 again during the delay time, the time is retiming. And comfort mode will return to previous operation mode once finish the timing. Exit the comfort mode when a new operation mode in delay time.

Change the operation mode will quit the timing, and heating/cooling switchover will not.

#### --Parameter "1 bit object function for operation mode"

This parameter is for setting whether to enable 1 bit objects of operation mode are visible. Corresponding mode activation when objects send telegram 1; Perform standby mode when object values of comfort, economy, protection received from the bus are 0.

#### ---Parameter "1 bit object for standby mode"

This parameter is visible when previous parameter enabled. Set whether to enable 1 bit object of standby mode is visible.

#### Parameters as follow are visible when operation mode disabled.

#### --Parameter "Initial setpoint temperature (° C)"

This parameter is for setting the initial value of setpoint temperature. Options:

10.0	
10.5	
•••	
35.0	

When initial setpoint temperature is less than the min. setpoint temperature, display following warning:

8 The setpoint is less than minimum, so minimum will regard as setpoint in fact

When initial setpoint temperature is greater than the max. setpoint temperature, display following warning:

😢 The setpoint is greater than maximum,so maximum will regard as setpoint in fact

#### Automatic H/C mode changeover dead zone

---Parameter " Upper/Lower dead zone"

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These two parameters are visible when control mode"Heating and Cooling" is selected, and "Automatic changeover" is selected. Setting the dead zone range of auto switchover heating/cooling. Options:

0.5K 1.0K ... 10K

Under heating control, when the actual temperature(T) is greater than or equal to the setpoint temperature + the upper dead zone, then mode heating switch to cooling;

Under cooling control, when the actual temperature(T) is less than or equal to the setpoint temperature + the upper dead zone, then mode cooling switch to heating.

#### Parameter "Window contact input function"

This parameter is visible when operation mode is enabled. Set whether to link to window contact status.

#### --Parameter "Delay for window contact [0..65535]s"

This parameter is visible when operation mode and window contact input function are enabled. Set the delay time to window contact detection. That is, when receive a telegram "window open", the controller will regard that as a valid signal and execute the behaviour after this delay time. Options: **0..65535** 

#### ---Parameter "Controller mode for open window"

This parameter is visible when operation mode and window contact input function are enabled. If window status is open, perform corresponding operation according to configuration. (For the operation mode, the Switch and Setpoint temperature, as well as Heating/Cooling mode are recorded in the background if control telegrams are received, and performed after the window is closed. If there is no telegram receiving during timing, return to the mode before the window was opened.) Options:

#### Economy mode

#### Frost/heat protection

#### Parameter "Bus presence detector function"

This parameter is visible when operation mode is enabled. Set whether to link to bus presence detector status.

If presence is detected, enter the comfort mode and it will be restored to original mode after leaving. If there is a telegram/manual operation to adjust the mode during the period, the telegram is logged in the background, and it will be exited comfort mode and restored to the mode after leaving. If

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there is no telegram receiving during timing, return to original mode. (If receive the presence status cyclically, comfort mode can not be re-triggered, and only can be after leaving.)

Parameter "Scene"

This parameter is for setting whether to enable scene function is visible. When enabled, link to operation mode or setpoint temperature.

Parameter "Min./Max. setpoint temperature [5: 37] \* C\*

These parameters are visible when operation mode is disabled. Set to limit the adjustable range of the setpoint temperature. Options:

5°C 6°C ... 37°C

These parameters are display below the parameters settings interface "Setpoint" when operation mode is enabled.

If the setpoint temperature beyond the limited range, the will output the limited temperature.

For setpoint temperature, the Min. value must less than the Max., if not, it can not be modified on ETS.

## 5.4.2. Parameter window "Setpoint"

💙 KNX Secure	Setpoint method for operating mode	O Relative O Absolute		
🛱 General	Base setpoint temperature	20.0	•	•0
🔟 Output 1	Additional setpoint offset for setpoint adjustment	🔵 Disable 🥥 Enable		
Output 2	Step of setpoint offset	<mark>◎</mark> 0.5К ○ 1К		
<b>m</b> o	Min. setpoint offset [-100]	-5	\$	k
	Max. setpoint offset [010]	5	ŧ	k
🔟 Output <mark>4</mark>				
Output 5-	Heating			
	[010]	2	•	k
Output 6	Reduced heating in economy mode	4	•	k
<b>₿</b> * Contr <mark>olle</mark> r 1	Setpoint temperature in frost	7	•	•(
General setting	Cooling			
Setpoint	Increased cooling in standby mode	2		
Heating control	[010]	2	•	P
Cooling control	Increased cooling in economy mode [010]	4	•	k
Scene	Setpoint temperature in heat protection mode [3037]	35	•	•(
<b>₿*</b> Controller 2	Min. setpoint temperature [537]	16	•	٥(
-Ω+ Controller 3-	Max. setpoint temperature [537]	32	•	•(

Fig.5.4.2(1) Setpoint\_Relative" parameter window

KNX Secure	Setpoint method for operating mode	🔵 Relative 🔘 Absolute		
General	Heating			
Output 1	Setpoint temperature in comfort mode [537]	21	•	°C
Output 2	S <mark>et</mark> point temperature in standby mode [537]	19	•	°C
Output 3	Setpoint temperature in economy mode [537]	17	•	°C
Output 4	Setpoint temperature in frost protection mode [510]	7	•	°C
Output 5	Cooling			
	Setpoint temperature in comfort mode [537]	23	•	°C
Uutput 6	Setpoint temperature in standby	25	•	°C
Controller 1	Setpoint temperature in economy	27		•0
Seneral setting	mode [537]	L1		
Setpoint	protection mode [3037]	35	•	°C
leating control	1 Note: The heating setpoint must be a	always less than the cooling setpoint.		
Cooling control				
Scene	Min. setpoint temperature [537]	16	•	°C
	Max, setpoint temperature [5.,37]	32	*	°C

This parameter window is visible when operation mode is enabled, and display according to control mode.

## Parameter "Setpoint method for operating mode"

This parameter is for setting the setpoint method for operating mode. Options:

#### Relative

#### Absolute

Relative: relative adjustment, the setpoint temperature of economy mode and standby mode will refer to the defined temperature setpoint.

Absolute: absolute adjustment, each mode has its independent temperature setpoint.

# Parameters as follow are visible when the setpoint temperature adopts the relative adjustment method.

Parameter "Base setpoint temperature (\* C)"

This parameter is for setting the basic setpoint temperature, form witch the initial setpoint temperature of the room comfort mode is obtained. Options:

10.0

10.5

#### 35.0

The setpoint value will be modified through object "Base setpoint adjustment", then the new value will be stored after the device power off.

Current basic setpoint temperature = modified basic setpoint temperature +/- accumulated offset(if existence)

When adjusting the setpoint temperature of current operation mode, the setpoint value will be changed with it, but the relative temperature of each mode is unchanged.

When base setpoint temperature is less than the min. setpoint temperature, display following warning:

8 The setpoint is less than minimum, so minimum will regard as setpoint in fact.

When base setpoint temperature is greater than the max. setpoint temperature, display following warning:

8 The setpoint is greater than maximum, so maximum will regard as setpoint in fact.

#### Parameter "Additional setpoint offset for setpoint adjustment".

This parameter is for setting whether to enable additional setpoint offset function for setpoint adjustment, mainly used to adjust setpoint temperature by 1 bit object. Options:

#### Disable

#### Enable

Increase/decrease offset by 1 bit object "Setpoint offset", adjust the setpoint temperature indirectly, and send offset value to the bus by 2 byte object "Float offset value". Also reset the offset value by 1 bit object "Setpoint offset reset", modified the offset value by 2 byte object "Float offset value value". Save the offset value when control mode and operation mode changed.

Three parameters as follow are visible when offset function enabled.

#### ——Parameter "Step of setpoint offset"

This parameter is for setting step value of setpoint offset increased/decreased when receiving telegrams. Telegram 1- increase, telegram 0- decrease. Accumulated offset can be saved when power off. Options:

#### 0.5K

#### 1K

Setpoint temperature of current mode = base temperature + fix offset of mode + accumulated additional offset

Note: fix offset of mode is the offset of standby and economy modes compared to comfort mode,

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which is decided by the follow parameters of heating/cooling. Accumulated additional offset is adjusted by 1bit object "Setpoint offset", or directly modified the offset value by 2 byte object "Float offset value".

#### ---Parameter "Min. setpoint offset [-10..0]K"

This parameter is for setting the maximum offset allowed when negative offset (setpoint temperature is decreased). Options: **-10..0** 

#### ---Parameter "Max. setpoint offset [0..10]K"

This parameter is for setting the maximum offset allowed when forward offset (setpoint temperature is increased). Options: **0..10** 

For offset, the Min. value and the Max. can not equal to 0 at the same time, if not, it can not be modified on ETS.

#### Automatic H/C mode changeover dead zone (only for comfort mode)

Parameter "Upper/Lower dead zone"

These two parameters are visible when control mode "Heating and Cooling" is selected, and "Automatic changeover" is selected. Setting the dead zone range of auto switchover heating/cooling. Options:

0.5K 1.0K ... 10K

Under heating control, when the actual temperature(T) is greater than or equal to the setpoint temperature + the upper dead zone, then mode heating switch to cooling;

Under cooling control, when the actual temperature(T) is less than or equal to the setpoint temperature + the upper dead zone, then mode cooling switch to heating.

Parameter "Reduced heating in standby mode [0...10]K"...

#### Parameter "Increased cooling in standby mode [0...10]K"

These two parameters are for setting the setpoint of standby mode. Options:

0K

1K

•••

10K

Heating: The setpoint of standby mode is the temperature setpoint minus the reference value;

Cooling: The setpoint of standby mode is the temperature setpoint plus the reference value.

Parameter "Reduced heating in economy mode [0...10]K".

Parameter "Increased cooling in economy mode [0...10]K"

These two parameters are for setting the setpoint of economy mode. Options:

0	Κ
1	Κ
	•
1	0K

Heating: The setpoint of economy mode is the temperature setpoint minus the reference value;

Cooling: The setpoint of economy mode is the temperature setpoint plus the reference value.

Parameter "Setpoint temperature in frost protection mode [510] °C"
This parameter is for setting the setpoint of frost protection mode. Options:
5°C
6°C
10°C
Under the frost protection mode, when room temperature reduce to the setpoint, the controller will

trigger a control telegram so that related heating controller will output heating control to prevent the temperature from being too low.

Parameter "Setpoint temperature in heat protection mode [30...37] ° C".

This parameter is for setting the setpoint of heat protection mode. Options:

30°C 31°C ... 37°C

Under the heat protection mode, when room temperature raise to the setpoint, the controller will trigger a control telegram so that related cooling controller will output cooling control to prevent the temperature from being too high.

# Parameters as follow are visible when the setpoint temperature adopts the absolute adjustment method.

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These parameters are for setting the setpoint temperature in comfort, standby and economy mode when heating or cooling. Options:

GVS K-BUS KNX/E	B Heating Actuator with Triac, 6-Fold
5°C	
6°C	
37°C	
Parameter "Setpoint temperature in frost prote	ction mode [510] °C

This parameter is for setting the setpoint temperature in frost protection mode when heating. Options:

This parameter is for setting the setpoint temperature in heat protection mode when cooling. Options:

30°C
31°C
27°C
3/ 0

Note: The heating setpoint must be always less than the cooling setpoint.

For absolute adjustment mode, when "Heating and Cooling" is selected, whether it is manual changeover, either bus changeover or automatic changeover, the heating setpoint value must be less than or equal to the cooling of the same operation mode, if not, it can not be modified on ETS.

1.When the ambient temperature is higher than the setpoint temperature of current mode in cooling, it is changed to cooling mode; When the ambient temperature is lower than the setpoint temperature of current mode in heating, it is changed to heating mode.

2.In the same operation mode, the setpoint temperature difference between cooling and heating remains constant, whether it is written on the bus or adjusted on the panel. That is, when adjust the setpoint temperature, it need to update cooling and heating setpoint temperature of current operation mode at the same time.

3.When user operates on the panel or the bus is received setpoint temperature, it is still necessary to limit the value according to the high and low thresholds, that is heating and cooling temperature neither can not be lower than the min., or can not be higher than the max.. If

parameters configuration of ETS is not met the condition, it will be noted warnings:

When the setpoint temperature of comfort/standby/economy mode is less than the min. setpoint temperature, display following warning:

8 The setpoint is less than minimum, so minimum will regard as setpoint in fact

When the setpoint temperature of comfort/standby/economy mode is greater than the max. setpoint temperature, display following warning:

8 The setpoint is greater than maximum, so maximum will regard as setpoint in fact.

Note: for relative/absolute adjustment, in protection mode, the setpoint temperature is only configured via ETS, and not limited with the min./max. value. When the received setpoint value from bus is different from the ETS configuration, the value is not updated and returned to the current setpoint temperature, to update synchronously to other devices on the bus.

#### 5.4.3. Parameter window "Heating/Cooling control"

KNX Secure	Type of heating/cooling control	Switching on/off(use 2-point control)	*
🛱 General	Invert control value	No Ves	
Output 1	Heating		
	Lower Hysteresis [0200]	10	*0.1
Output 2	Upper Hysteresis [0200]	10	*0.1
Output 3	Cooling		
Output 4	Lower Hysteresis [0200]	10	*0.1I
	Upper Hysteresis [0200]	10	*0.11
Uutput 5	Upper Hysteresis [0200]	10	*
	Cyclically send control value [0255]	10	+ mi

Parameter setting of "Switching on/off(use 2-point control)"

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VKNX Secure	Type of heating/cooling control	Switching PWM(use PI control)		•
📑 General	Invert control value	No Ves		
° Output 1	PWM cycle time [1255]	15	÷	min
	Heating speed	Hot water heating(5K/150min)		•
"IIII Output 2	Cooling speed	Cooling ceiling (5K/240min)		•
°🎹 Output 3	Cyclically send control value [0255]	10	¢ I	min
📶 Output 4	Minimum limitation of control value	0	* *	%
°III Output 5	Maximum limitation of control value	100	÷	%
° 🔟 Output 6	Control value lower than the minimum limitation	0%=0%, otherwise=Minimum limitation value		•
	Parameter setting of "Switching PWM	(use PI control)"		
VNX Secure	Type of heating/cooling control	Continuous control(use PI control)		•
📑 General	Invert control value	No Ves		
°III Output 1	Heating speed	Hot water heating(5K/150min)		•
	Cooling speed	Cooling ceiling (5K/240min)		•
°III Output 2	Send control value on change by	4	÷	%
°🔟 Output 3	Cyclically send control value [0, 255]	10		min
°III Output 4		122		
9000 a	Minimum limitation of control value	0	÷	%
Uutput 5	Maximum limitation of control value	100	*	%
°III Output 6	Control value lower than the minimum limitation	0%=0%, otherwise=Minimum limitation value		•

Parameter setting of "Continuous control(use PI control)"

Fig.5.4.3(1) "Heating/Cooling control" parameter window

Parameters of this window display according to control mode and control system(2 pipe or 4pipe).

### Parameter "Type of heating/cooling control"

This parameter is for setting the type of heating/cooling control. Different control types are suitable for controlling different temperature controllers. Options:

Switching on/off(use 2-point control)

Switching PWM(use PI control)

#### Continuous control(use PI control)

Parameter "Invert control value"

This parameter is for setting whether to invert control value or normal sending control value, so that the control value will be suitable for the valve type. Options:

No

Yes

Yes: Sending the control value to the bus through objects after inverting the control value.

#### Two parameters as follow are suitable for 2 point control:

----Parameter "Lower Hysteresis [0...200]\*0.1K '

#### ——Parameter "Upper Hysteresis [0...200]\*0.1K "

These two parameters are for setting the lower/upper hysteresis temperature in HVAC heating or cooling. Options: **0..200** 

Under heating control,

When the actual temperature(T) > the setting temperature + the upper hysteresis temperature, then will stop heating:

When the actual temperature(T) < the setting temperature - the lower hysteresis temperature, then will start heating.

For example, the lower hysteresis temperature is 1K, the upper hysteresis temperature is 2K, the setting temperature is 22°C, if T is higher than 24°C, then it will stop heating; if T is lower than 24°C, then it will start heating; if T is between 21~24°C, then it will maintain the previous status.

Under the cooling control,

When the actual temperature (T) < the setting temperature -the lower hysteresis temperature, then will stop cooling;

When the actual temperature (T) > the setting temperature +the upper hysteresis temperature, then will start cooling.

For example, the lower hysteresis temperature is 1K, the upper hysteresis temperature is 2K, the setting temperature is 26°C, if T is lower than 25°C, then it will stop cooling; if T is lower than 28°C, then it will start cooling; if T is between 28~25°C, then it will maintain the previous status.

2-point control mode is a very simple control mode. When adopting this control mode, it is necessary to set the upper hysteresis temperature and the lower hysteresis temperature through parameters. When setting the hysteresis temperature, the following effects need to be considered

1. When hysteresis interval is small, the temperature range will be small, however, frequent sending of control value will bring large load to the bus;

2. When hysteresis interval is large, the switch switching frequency will be low, but it is easy to cause uncomfortable temperature change.

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Fig.5.4.3(2) Effects of hysteresis on control value switch action(heating) under2-point control mode

#### Two parameters as follow are suitable for PI control:

#### ----- Parameter "Heating speed "

#### ——Parameter "Cooling speed"

These two parameters are for setting the responding speed of heating or cooling controller. Different responding speeds are suitable for different environments.

Options:

Hot water heating (5K/150min) Underfloor heating (5K/240 min) Electrical heating (4K/100min) Split unit (4K/90min) Fan coil unit (4K/90min) User defined

Options

Cooling ceiling (5K/240min)

Split unit (4K/90min)

Fan coil unit(4K/90min)

User defined

---Parameter "Proportional range [10..100]\*0.1K"(P value)

---Parameter "Reset time [0..255]min"(I value)

These two parameters are visible when "User defined" is selected. Set the PI value of PI controller.

Options: 10..100 (P value)

Options: 0..255 (I value)

#### Parameter "PWM cycle time [1...255]min"

This parameter is only visible when the control type is "Switching PWM(use PI control)". Set the period of the control object cycle to send the switch value, the object sends the switch value according to the duty cycle of the control value. For example, if the set period is 10 min and the control value is 80%, then the object will send an open telegram for 8 min. If the control value is changed, the time duty ratio of the on/ off telegram of the object will also change, but the period is still the time of parameter setting.

Options: 1..255

The PI values of "Switching PWM (use PI control)" output a "on/off" telegram according to the duty cycle of the control value.

Parameter "Send control value on change by [0...100,0=inactive]%

This parameter is visible when control type is "Continuous control (use PI control)", for setting the changing value of the control value to be sent to the bus. Options: **0..100**, **0**=**inactive** 

Parameter "Cyclically send control value [0...255]min"

This parameter is for setting the period for cyclically sending the control value to the bus. Options: **0..255** 

Parameter "Control value lower than the minimum limitation":

This parameter is for setting the action when control value is lower than the minimum limitation. Options:

0%=0%, otherwise=Minimum limitation value

To be the minimum limitation value

To be 0%

0%=0%, otherwise=Minimum limitation value: close when control value is 0%, and operate at the minimum limit when the other is below the minimum limitation.

To be the minimum limitation value: operate at the minimum limit when control value is below the minimum limitation, even if it is 0%.

To be 0%: close when control value is below the minimum limitation.

In PI control mode, the predefined control parameters of each PI controller in heating or cooling system are recommended as follows:

#### (1) Heating

Heating type	P value	I value(integration	Recommended	Recommended PWM
		time)	PI control type	period
Hot water Heating	5K	150min	PWM	15min
Underfloor heating	5K	240min	PWM	15-20min
Electrical heating	4K	100min	PWM	10-15min
Split unit	4K	90min	PWM	10-15min

#### (2) Cooling

Cooling type	P value	I value(integration	Recommended	Recommended PWM
		time)	PI control type	period
Cooling ceiling	5K	240min	PWM	15-20mln
Split unit	4K	90min	PWM	10-15min

#### (3) User defined

When the parameter "Heating/Cooling speed" is set to "User defined", the parameter value of P (scale factor) and I (integration time) can be set through the parameter. When adjusting the parameters, refer to the fixed PI value mentioned in the above table. Even if the control parameters are adjusted slightly, the control behavior will be significantly different.

In addition, the integration time should be set properly. If the integration time is too long, the adjustment will be slow, and the oscillation will not be obvious; if the integration time is too small, the adjustment will be fast, but the oscillation will occur. 0 means the integral term is not used.



Fig.5.4.3(3) control value of PI control mode

	<b>Y</b> :	control	va	lue
--	------------	---------	----	-----

Y1: last control value

X1: temperature deviation = set temperature - actual temperature

X2: last temperature deviation = set temperature - actual temperature

 $T_N$ : integration time

K: scale factor (the scale factor is not zero)

PI control algorithm:  $Y = K * (X1-X2) + X1 * K * t / T_N + Y1$ 

When the integration time is set to zero, the PI control algorithm is: Y = K (X1-X2) + Y2

#### Setting and influence of user-defined parameters:

Parameter setting	Effect					
K: If the scale range is too small	Quick adjustment, and overshoot will occur					
K: If the scale range is too small	Slow adjustment, but no overshoot					
$T_N$ : If the integration time is too	Quick adjustment, but there will be					
short	oscillation					
$T_N$ : If the integration time is too long	Slow adjustment, no obvious oscillation					

#### 5.4.4. Parameter window "Scene"

Heating Actuator with	h Triac, 6-Fold > Controller 1 > Scene		
💙 KNX Secure	1->Assign scene NO.[164,0=inactive]	1	÷
General	Operation mode	Comfort mode	•
Output 1-	2->Assign scene NO.[164,0=inactive]	2	÷
- oshori	Operation mode	Unchange	•
Output 2	3->Assign scene NO.[164,0=inactive]	3	¢
Output 3	Operation mode	Unchange	*
Output 4	4->Assign scene NO.[164,0=inactive]	4	* *
Outout 5-	Operation mode	Unchange	•
- oupurs	5->Assign scene NO.[164,0=inactive]	5	÷
Output 6	Operation mode	Unchange	-

Fig.5.4.4 Scene" parameter window

This parameter window is visible when scene function is enabled.

Parameter "x->Assign scene NO.[1..64,0=inactive]"(x=1~5)

This parameter is for setting the triggered scene number. Up to support 5 triggered scenes.

#### Options: 0..64, 0=inactive

Scenes can be recalled or stored. When a new scene is stored, the original saved new scene is still

valid when the voltage is recovered again after the bus has been powered down.

These two parameters as follow are visible when the option is greater than 0:

#### ----Parameter "Temperature"

This parameter is visible when operation mode is disabled. Set the status of setpoint temperature. Options:

Unchange
5°C
6°C
••
37°C

When setpoint temperature of scene is less than the min. setpoint temperature, display following warning:

😣 The setpoint is less than minimum,so minimum will regard as setpoint in fact

When setpoint temperature of scene is greater than the max. setpoint temperature, display following warning:

8 The setpoint is greater than maximum, so maximum will regard as setpoint in fact.

### -----Parameter "Operation mode"

G

This parameter is visible when operation mode is enabled. Set the status of operation mode. Option:

- Unchange Comfort mode Standby mode Economy mode
- **Frost/heat protection**

## Chapter 6 Description of Communication Object

The communication object is the medium to communicate other device on the bus, namely only the communication object can communicate with the bus.

NOTE: "C" in "Flag" column in the below table means enable the communication function of the object; "W" means value of object can be written from the bus; "R" means the value of the object can be read by the other devices; "T" means the object has the transmission function; "U" means the value of the object can be updated.

#### 6.1. "General" Communication Object

Number	Name	Object Function	i	Description Group Add	ress Length C R	W T U Data Type	Priority
∎≵1	General	In operation			1 bit C R	- T - switch	Low
<b>■</b> ‡ 2	General	Summer/Winter mode			1 bit C -	W T U switch	Low
■2 3	General	Status of operating voltage fa	ailure		1 bit C R	- <mark>T - a</mark> larm	Low
		Fig.6	5.1 "General"	communication	object		
NO.	Object Fun	ction	Name	Data	Flag	DPT	
				Type	5		
1	In operation		General	1bit	C,R,T	1.001 switch	
The communication object is used to periodically send a telegram "1" to the bus to indicate this device in normal operation. The period is set by the parameter.							
2	Summer/Wir	nter mode	General	1bit	C,W,T,U	1.001 switch	
ты		action object is use	d to oond	ourses or /wint	ar mada ta t	ha hua Tha talaar	
11	le commun	cation object is use	ed to send	summer/winte		ne bus. me telegra	ani value
is dete	rmined by p	arameter. The obje	ct will send	l a read reques	st when devi	ce voltage recover	у.
3	Status of	operating voltage	General	1bit	C,R,T	1.005 alarm	
	failure						
Th	ne communi	cation object is use	ed to feedb	back the statu	s of operatin	ng voltage failure,	send the
failure	report if the	e input voltage car	not arrive	e 24V AC or 2	30V AC. Sei	nd telegram only v	when the
input h	as changed	. Telegrams:					
•		1——Fault					
0——Normal							
When 24V AC is selected, the input voltage is greater than 2.5V and less than 48V, feedback the							
normal telegram; while the input is less than 2.5V or greater than 48V, feedback the failure value.							
W	hen 230V A	C is selected, the ir	nput voltag	e is greater th	an 48V, feed	back the normal t	telegram;
while t	he input les:	s than 48V, feedbac	k the failur	re value.			

Note: 48V is a threshold voltage to judge the input is 24V AC or 230V AC, and the error is ±10V.

Table 6.1 "General" communication object table

#### 6.2. "Output" Communication Object

Number	Name	Object Function	Description	Group Address	Length	С	R	W	Т	UD	ata Type	Priority
∎‡ 4	Output 1	Control value			1 bit	С	878	W	-	- sw	itch	Low
∎‡ 5	Output 1	Trigger valve purge			1 bit	С	-	W	22	- en	able	Low
∎‡ 6	Output 1	Forced operation			1 bit	C		W	-13	- en	able	Low
∎‡ 7	Output 1	Disable			1 bit	С	-	W	23	- en	able	Low
∎‡ 8	Output 1	Status of valve position			1 bit	С	R	-	Т	- sw	itch	Low
∎‡9	Output 1	Control value fault			1 bit	С	R	2	Т	- ala	ırm	Low
■之 10	Output 1	Status of valve purge			1 bit	C	R	-	т	- en	able	Low
∎⊉ 11	Output 1	Status of Short-circuit/Overload			1 bit	С	R	2	Т	- ala	ırm	Low

#### Fig.6.2 "Output" communication object

NO.	Object Function	Name	Data Type	Flag	DPT
4	Control value	Output 1-{{}}	1bit	C,W	1.001 switch
			1byte		5.001 percentage

The communication object is visible when "External controller" is selected. 1bit object is suitable for 2-point control, it is used to control valve switch; And 1byte object is suitable for PI control, it is used to control the valve position.

The name in parentheses changes with the parameter "Description (max 30 char.)". If description is empty, display "Output 1-..." by default. The same below.

5	Trigger valve purge	Output 1-{{}}	1bit	C,W	1.003 enable		
The communication object is used to trigger the valve purge. Telegrams:							
	1——Start valve purge						
	0——End valve purge						
6	Forced operation	Output 1-{{}}	1bit	C,W	1.003 enable		
Tł	ne communication object is use	ed to active/inac	tive forced o	peration. T	elegram value is defined		
by para	ameter.						
7	Disable	Output 1-{{}}	1bit	C,W	1.003 enable		
Tł	ne communication object is use	ed to disable/er	able valve ou	utput. Teleo	gram value is defined by		
parameter.							
8	Status of valve position	Output 1-{{}}	1bit	C,R,T	1.001 switch		
Tł	The communication object is used to feedback the status of valve position to bus. Telegrams:						

1--Close

0--Open

9	Control value fault	Output 1-{{}}	1bit	C,R,T	1.005 alarm

The communication object is visible when "External controller" is selected. Used to monitor the control value whether for fault, and send the telegram to bus. Telegrams:

1--Fault

0--Normal

Note: when the control value from external sensor is not received in monitoring time, the object will report the control value fault. Once receive the control value, remove fault status.

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10	Status of valve purge	Output 1-{{}}	1bit	C,R,T	1.003 enable		
The communication object is used to feedback the status of valve purge to bus. Send telegram							
only w	only when the status has changed. Telegrams:						
	1——Valve purge running						
	0——Valve purge stop						
11	Status of Short-circuit/Overload	Output 1-{{}}	1bit	C,R,T	1.005 alarm		
TI	he communication object is use	ed to feedback t	the status of	output failu	ure, such as short-circuit		
or ove	rload. Send telegram only wher	the status has	changed. Tel	egrams:			
	1——Fault						
	0——Normal						

Table 6.2 "output" communication object table

## 6.3. "Controller" Communication Object

Number	Name	Object Function	Description	Group Address	Length	C	R	W	/ Т	U	Data Type	Priority
■≵ 64	Controller 1	Power on/off			1 bit	С	R	W	-	5 8	switch	Low
■\$ 65	Controller 1	External temperature sensor 1			2 bytes	С	-	W	Т	U	temperature (°C)	Low
■‡ 66	Controller 1	External temperature sensor 2			2 bytes	С	-	W	Т	U	temperature (°C)	Low
■2 67	Controller 1	Base setpoint adjustment			2 bytes	С	-	W	-	4	temperature (°C)	Low
■≵ 68	Controller 1	Setpoint offset			1 bit	С	-	W	-	5 8	step	Low
■\$ 69	Controller 1	Float offset value			2 bytes	С	-	W	-	4 0	temperature difference (K)	Low
■2 70	Controller 1	Setpoint offset reset			1 bit	C	-	W	-		reset	Low
<b>■‡</b>  71	Controller 1	Heating/Cooling mode			1 bit	С	-	W	-	4 s	cooling/heating	Low
∎≵ 72	Controller 1	Operation mode			1 byte	С	-	W	-		HVAC mode	Low
■2 73	Controller 1	Comfort mode			1 bit	С	-	W	-	4 1	enable	Low
∎≵ 74	Controller 1	Economy mode			1 bit	C	-	W	-	a 1	enable	Low
■2 75	Controller 1	Frost/Heat protection mode			1 bit	С	-	W		i -	enable	Low
■2 76	Controller 1	Standby mode			1 bit	С	-	W	-	æ 1)	enable	Low
■2 77	Controller 1	Extended comfort mode			1 bit	С	-	W	-	4 7	acknowledge	Low
■2 78	Controller 1	Scene			1 byte	С	-	W	-	<b>a</b> 8	scene control	Low
■2 79	Controller 1	Window contact			1 bit	С	-	W	Т	U	window/door	Low
■≵ 80	Controller 1	Presence detector			1 bit	С	-	W	т	U	occupancy	Low
■‡ 81	Controller 1	Actual temperature, status			2 bytes	С	R	-	Т	4 6	temperature (°C)	Low
■2 82	Controller 1	Base temperature setpoint, status			2 bytes	С	R	5	т	7	temperature (°C)	Low
■2 83	Controller 1	Setpoint offset, status			2 bytes	С	R	4	Т	4 8	temperature difference (K)	Low
■2 84	Controller 1	Current temperature setpoint, status			2 bytes	С	R	5	т	a <sup>2</sup>	temperature (°C)	Low
■2 85	Controller 1	Heating/Cooling mode, status			1 bit	С	R	-	Т		cooling/heating	Low
■2 86	Controller 1	Operation mode, status			1 byte	С	R	5	т		HVAC mode	Low
■2 87	Controller 1	Comfort mode, status			1 bit	С	R	4	Т	94 - N	enable	Low
∎≵ 88	Controller 1	Economy mode, status			1 bit	С	R	5	т		enable	Low
■2 89	Controller 1	Frost/Heat protection mode, status			1 bit	С	R	-	Т	4 1	enable	Low
■2 90	Controller 1	Standby mode, status			1 bit	C	R	5	т	5.0	enable	Low
■2 91	Controller 1	Heating control value		1	bit (		R -	Ť	i la	SV	witch	Low
∎‡ 92	Controller 1	Cooling control value		1	bit (		R -	1	1	SV	witch	Low

#### Fig.6.3 "Controller" communication object

NO.	Object Function	Name	Data	Flag	DPT
			Туре		
64	Power on/off	Controller 1 - {{}}	1bit	C,W,R	1.001 switch

The communication object is used to receive the telegram from the bus to control the controller power on/off. Telegrams:

1--0n

0--Off

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The name in parentheses changes with the parameter "Description (max 30 char.)". If description is empty, display "Controller 1 - ..." by default. The same below.

65	External temperature sensor 1	Controller 1 - {{}}	2byte	C,W,T,U	9.001 temperature
66	External temperature sensor 2	Controller 1 - {{}}	2byte	C,W,T,U	9.001 temperature

These two communication objects are used to receive the temperature value detected by the temperature sensor of the device form the bus, up to 2 external temperature sensors. Range:-50~99.8℃

67 Current setpoint adjustment Base setpoint adjustment	Controller 1 - {{}}	2byte	C,W	9.001 temperature
--	---------------------	-------	-----	-------------------

"Current setpoint adjustment" is visible when operation mode is not enabled, and under absolute adjustment. Used to modify the base value of the set temperature; and to modify set temperature value of current room operation mode when absolute adjustment.

"Base setpoint adjustment" is visible only when relative adjustment, used to modify the base value of the set temperature, that is, the temperature setting value of the comfort mode, and the setting temperature of the standby mode and the economy mode changes according to the relative change. In the protection mode, only the temperature setting value of the protection mode is modified.

68	Setpoint offset	Controller 1 - {{}}	1bit	C,W	1.007 step

The communication object is visible only when absolute adjustment, and offset function enabled. Used to adjust the offset to adjust setpoint temperature indirectly. The step value set according to the parameter. Telegrams:

1——Increase the offset

0——Decrease the offset

69	Float offset value	Controller 1 - {{}}	2byte	C,W	9.002 temperature difference	
The communication object is visible only when absolute adjustment, and offset function enabled.						

Used to modify the accumulated offset via 2 byte float value.

70	Setpoint offset reset	Controller 1 - {{}}	1bit	C,W	1.015 reset
----	-----------------------	---------------------	------	-----	-------------

The communication object is visible only when absolute adjustment, and offset function enabled. Reset offset value when telegram is 1.

71	Heating/Cooling mode	Controller 1 - {{}}	1bit	C,W	1.100 cooling/heating

The communication object is used for switching the heating and cooling via the bus. Telegrams:

1— —Heating

0——Cooling

72	Operation mode	Controller 1 - {{}}	1byte	C,W	20.102 HVAC mode
73	Comfort mode	Controller 1 - {{}}	1bit	C,W	1.003 enable
74	Economy mode	Controller 1 - {{}}	1bit	C,W	1.003 enable
75	Frost/Heat protection mode	Controller 1 - {{}}	1bit	C,W	1.003 enable
76	Standby mode	Controller 1 - {{}}	1bit	C,W	1.003 enable
-	These communication objects are	used to control the P	TC operati	on mode	via the bus

ts are used to control the RTC

When 1 byte: object 72 is visible, telegrams: 1-comfort, 2-standby, 3-economy, 4-protection, other reserved.

When 1bit:

Object 73—— Comfort mode

Object 74—— Standby mode

Object 75—— Economy mode

Object 76—— Protection mode

When the object receives the telegram "1", the corresponding mode is activated. When 1 bit standby object is not enable, and the telegrams of comfort, economy, protection mode are 0, is standby mode. When 1 bit standby object is enable, standby object receives "1" activates standby mode, 0 is ignored.

77	Extended comfort mode	Controller 1 - {{}}	1bit	C,W	1.016 acknowledge			
The communication object is used for triggering time to extended comfort mode. Telegrams:								
	1——Activate comfort mode							
	0——No sense							
	Activate comfort mode when the object receives telegram 1. If receive again telegram 1 in delay							
time, time will be timed again. And return the previous operation mode from comfort mode once finish								
timing. If there is a new operation mode in delay time, exit the comfort mode.								
	If change the operation mode will exit the timing, but switch the heating/cooling will not.							
78	Scene	Controller 1 - {{}}	1byte	C,W	18.001 scene control			
The communication object is visible when scene function enabled. Used to recall/storage scene								
via b	us.							
79	Window contact	Controller 1 - {{}}	1bit	C,W,U	1.019 Window/door			
	The communication object is used to receive the switch status of window contact. Telegrams:							
	1——Open window							
	$\Omega$ ——Close window							
80	Presence detector	Controller 1 - {{}}	1bit	C,W,U	1.018 occupancy			
	The communication object is use	d to receive the room		ncv statu	s from presence detector			
Teleo	rrams:		occupu	ney stata				
1010	1——Occupied							
Q1		Controller 1 - // \\	2bvto	CPT	9 001 tomporature			
01			Zbyte	C,R,1				
	The communication object is visible when temperature reference of controller function is							
com	bination of 2 external sensors. U	sed to send the actua	al tempe	rature aft	er the combination to the			
bus.								
82	Base temperature setpoint, status	Controller 1 - {{}}	2byte	C,R,T	9.001 temperature			
	The communication object is visible only when relative adjustment. Used to send the current base							
set te	set temperature to the bus.							

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Current base set temperature value = parameter set value (or object 67 base value)+accumulated							
offset value							
83	Setpoint offset, status	Controller 1 - {{}}	2byte	C,R,T	9.002 temperature difference		
The communication object is visible only when relative adjustment. Used to send the accumulated							
offset value of base set temperature to the bus.							
84	Current temperature setpoint, status	Controller 1 - {{}}	2byte	C,R,T	9.001 temperature		
	The communication object is used to send current set temperature to the bus.						
For relative adjustment, setpoint temperature of current mode =							
	base temperature + fix offset of mode + accumulated additional offset						
85	Heating/Cooling mode, status	Controller 1 - {{}}	1bit	C,R,T	1.100 cooling/heating		
The communication object is used to feedback the telegram of switching cooling and heating							
funct	tion to the bus.						
86	Operation mode, status	Controller 1 - {{}}	1byte	C,R,T	20.102 HVAC mode		
87	Comfort mode, status	Controller 1 - {{}}	1bit	C,R,T	1.003 enable		
88	Economy mode, status	Controller 1 - {{}}	1bit	C,R,T	1.003 enable		
89	Frost/Heat protection mode, status	Controller 1 - {{}}	1bit	C,R,T	1.003 enable		
					4 000 11		
90	Standby mode, status	Controller 1 - {{}}	1bit	C,R,T	1.003 enable		
90	Standby mode, status These communication objects are	<b>Controller 1 - {{}}</b> e used to send RTC op	1bit peration	<b>C,R,T</b> mode sta	tus to the bus.		
90	Standby mode, status These communication objects are When 1 byte: object 86 is visible,	<b>Controller 1 - {{}}</b> e used to send RTC op , telegrams: 1-comfor	<b>1bit</b> peration rt, 2-star	<b>C,R,T</b> mode sta ndby, 3-ec	tus to the bus. conomy, 4-protection, other		
90 reser	Standby mode, status These communication objects are When 1 byte: object 86 is visible, ved.	<b>Controller 1 - {{}}</b> e used to send RTC op , telegrams: 1-comfor	<b>1bit</b> Deration rt, 2-star	<b>C,R,T</b> mode sta ndby, 3-ec	tus to the bus. conomy, 4-protection, other		
90 reser	Standby mode, status These communication objects are When 1 byte: object 86 is visible, ved. When 1bit:	<b>Controller 1 - {{}}</b> e used to send RTC op , telegrams: 1-comfor	<b>1bit</b> Deration rt, 2-star	<b>C,R,T</b> mode sta ndby, 3-ec	tus to the bus. conomy, 4-protection, other		
90 reser	Standby mode, status These communication objects are When 1 byte: object 86 is visible, ved. When 1bit: Object 87—— Comfort mode	<b>Controller 1 - {{}}</b> e used to send RTC op , telegrams: 1-comfor	<b>1bit</b> peration rt, 2-star	<b>C,R,T</b> mode sta ndby, 3-ec	tus to the bus. conomy, 4-protection, other		
90 reser	Standby mode, status These communication objects are When 1 byte: object 86 is visible, ved. When 1bit: Object 87—— Comfort mode Object 88—— Economy mod	<b>Controller 1 - {{}}</b> e used to send RTC op , telegrams: 1-comfor e de	<b>1bit</b> peration rt, 2-star	<b>C,R,T</b> mode sta ndby, 3-ec	1.003 enable tus to the bus. conomy, 4-protection, other		
90 resei	Standby mode, status These communication objects are When 1 byte: object 86 is visible, ved. When 1bit: Object 87—— Comfort mode Object 88—— Economy mod Object 89—— Protection mode	<b>Controller 1 - {{}}</b> e used to send RTC op , telegrams: 1-comfor e de de	<b>1bit</b> Deration rt, 2-star	<b>C,R,T</b> mode sta ndby, 3-ec	1.003 enable tus to the bus. conomy, 4-protection, other		
90 resei	Standby mode, status These communication objects are When 1 byte: object 86 is visible, ved. When 1bit: Object 87—— Comfort mode Object 88—— Economy mode Object 89—— Protection mode Object 90—— Standby mode	<b>Controller 1 - {{}}</b> e used to send RTC op , telegrams: 1-comfor e de ode	<b>1bit</b> Deration rt, 2-star	<b>C,R,T</b> mode sta ndby, 3-ec	tus to the bus. conomy, 4-protection, other		
90 reser	Standby mode, status These communication objects are When 1 byte: object 86 is visible, wed. When 1bit: Object 87—— Comfort mode Object 88—— Economy mode Object 89—— Protection mode Object 90—— Standby mode When a mode is activated, the co	<b>Controller 1 - {{}}</b> e used to send RTC op , telegrams: 1-comfor e de ode e prresponding object o	<b>1bit</b> peration rt, 2-star	<b>c,R,T</b> mode sta ndby, 3-ec	1.003 enable tus to the bus. conomy, 4-protection, other		
90 reser	Standby mode, status These communication objects are When 1 byte: object 86 is visible, ved. When 1bit: Object 87—— Comfort mode Object 88—— Economy mode Object 89—— Protection mode Object 90—— Standby mode When a mode is activated, the co ct is not enable, activate standby	<b>Controller 1 - {{}}</b> e used to send RTC op , telegrams: 1-comfor de de ode e prresponding object of mode when comfort,	<b>1bit</b> Deration rt, 2-star	ds telegra	1.003 enable tus to the bus. conomy, 4-protection, other m "1". When 1 bit standby tion objects send telegram		
90 reser	Standby mode, status These communication objects are When 1 byte: object 86 is visible, ved. When 1bit: Object 87—— Comfort mode Object 88—— Economy mode Object 89—— Protection mode Object 90—— Standby mode When a mode is activated, the cond ct is not enable, activate standby gether. When 1 bit standby object	<b>Controller 1 - {{}}</b> e used to send RTC op telegrams: 1-comfor de ode orresponding object o mode when comfort, is enable, activate st	1bit peration rt, 2-star only send econom andby m	<b>c,R,T</b> mode sta ndby, 3-ec ds telegra ny, protect node only	1.003 enable tus to the bus. conomy, 4-protection, other m "1". When 1 bit standby tion objects send telegram when standby object send		
90 reserved object 0 tog 1.	Standby mode, status These communication objects are When 1 byte: object 86 is visible, rved. When 1bit: Object 87—— Comfort mode Object 88—— Economy mode Object 89—— Protection mode Object 90—— Standby mode When a mode is activated, the cond ct is not enable, activate standby gether. When 1 bit standby object	<b>Controller 1 - {{}}</b> e used to send RTC op telegrams: 1-comfor de de orresponding object of mode when comfort, is enable, activate st	<b>1bit</b> Deration rt, 2-star econom andby m	<b>c,R,T</b> mode sta ndby, 3-ec ndby, 9-ec node only	1.003 enable tus to the bus. conomy, 4-protection, other m "1". When 1 bit standby tion objects send telegram when standby object send		
90 reser objec 0 tog 1. 91	Standby mode, status         These communication objects are         When 1 byte: object 86 is visible,         ved.         When 1bit:         Object 87—— Comfort mode         Object 88—— Economy mode         Object 89—— Protection mode         Object 90—— Standby mode         When a mode is activated, the conditional control value         Heating control value	Controller 1 - {{}} e used to send RTC op telegrams: 1-comfor e de ode e prresponding object of mode when comfort, is enable, activate st	1bit peration rt, 2-star only send econom andby m	<b>C,R,T</b> mode sta ndby, 3-ec ds telegra ny, protect node only	1.003 enable tus to the bus. conomy, 4-protection, other m "1". When 1 bit standby tion objects send telegram when standby object send 1.001 Switch		
90 reser objec 0 tog 1. 91	Standby mode, status These communication objects are When 1 byte: object 86 is visible, ved. When 1bit: Object 87—— Comfort mode Object 88—— Economy mod Object 89—— Protection mod Object 90—— Standby mode When a mode is activated, the co ct is not enable, activate standby gether. When 1 bit standby object Heating control value Heating/cooling control value	Controller 1 - {{}} e used to send RTC op telegrams: 1-comfor e de ode e orresponding object of mode when comfort, is enable, activate st Controller 1 - {{}}	1bit peration rt, 2-star only send econom andby m 1bit	<b>C,R,T</b> mode sta adby, 3-ec ds telegra ny, protect node only <b>C,R,T</b>	1.003 enable tus to the bus. conomy, 4-protection, other m "1". When 1 bit standby tion objects send telegram when standby object send 1.001 Switch 5.001 percentage		
90 reser objec 0 tog 1. 91 92	Standby mode, status These communication objects are When 1 byte: object 86 is visible, ved. When 1bit: Object 87—Comfort mode Object 88—Economy mode Object 89—Protection mode Object 90—Standby mode When a mode is activated, the co ct is not enable, activate standby gether. When 1 bit standby object Heating control value Heating/cooling control value Cooling control value	Controller 1 - {{}} e used to send RTC op telegrams: 1-comfor e de ode e orresponding object of mode when comfort, is enable, activate st Controller 1 - {{}}	1bit         peration         rt, 2-star         only send         econom         andby m         1bit         1bit	c,R,T mode sta adby, 3-ec ds telegra ny, protect node only c,R,T c,R,T	1.003 enable tus to the bus. conomy, 4-protection, other """. When 1 bit standby tion objects send telegram when standby object send 1.001 Switch 5.001 percentage 1.001 Switch 5.001 percentage		

control the switch of controller valve and adjust the indoor temperature.

Send 1bit telegram value (Switch on/off - 2-point control): on/off

Send 1bit telegram value (Switch PWM - PI control): on/off Sen 1byte telegram value (Continuous control(use PI control)): 0..100%

Table 6.3 "Controller" communication object table